

Incidencia de la fibrilación auricular en los pacientes en hemodiálisis. Estudio prospectivo a largo plazo

MUERTES

	FA	RS	
Sí	a= 12	b= 63	75
No	c= 8	d= 81	89
	20	144	164

$$RR = (a/(a+b))/(c/(c+d)) = (12/75)/(8/89) = 12 \times 89 / 75 \times 8 = 1068 / 600 = 1.78$$

Incidencias

$$IE = a/a+b = 12/75 = 0.16$$

$$IO = c/c+d = 8/89 = 0.011$$

Riesgo Atribuible

$$RA = [IE] - IO = 0.16 - 0.011 = 0.149$$

% Riesgo Atribuible

$$\%RA = RA/IE \times 100 = 0.149/0.16 \times 100 = 93.12\%$$

TROMBOEMBOLIA

	FA	RS	
Sí	a= 5	b= 13	18
No	c= 15	d= 131	146
	20	144	164

$$RR = (a/(a+b))/(c/(c+d)) = (5/18)/(15/146) = 5 \times 146 / 18 \times 15 = 730 / 270 = 2.703$$

Incidencias

$$IE = a/a+b = 5/18 = 0.27$$

$$IO = c/c+d = 15/146 = 0.102$$

Riesgo Atribuible

$$RA = [I]_E - IO = 0.27 - 0.102 = 0.168$$

% Riesgo Atribuible

$$\%RA = RA / I_E \times 100 = 0.168 / 0.27 \times 100 = 62.22\%$$